

Year 7 Scheme of Learning

Autumn	Spring	
Lab Safety and Bunsen Burners	The human body	Ecology
	- Diffusion	- Communities
Cells	- Digestion	- Biotic/abiotic factors
- Cell structure	- Digestive enzymes	- Food chains
- Plant and animal cells	- The heart	- Trophic levels
- Microscopy	- Blood vessels	- Biomass
- Specialisation/differentiation		
- Stem cells	Atoms	Acids and alkalis
- Organisation	- Atoms, elements, compounds and mixtures	- Conservation of mass a
- organs	- Masses and charges of atoms	- Acids and bases
5	- Development of the atomic model	- Salts
Particles	- The periodic table	- Neutralisation
- Atomic structure and states of matter	- The development of the periodic table	- Strong and weak acids
 Physical changes and state symbols 	- Electronic structure	
- Separating mixtures: filtration and decanting	- Groups 1/7/0	Waves
- Separating mixtures: chromatography		- The nature of waves an
Solubility	Forces	- The reflection of light
Distillation	- Contact/non-contact	- The refraction of light
Immiscible liquids	- Gravity	- Sound waves
	- Resultant forces	- Using waves for detecti
Energy	- Forces and elasticity	- Electromagnetic waves
- Energy stores and systems	- Speed	Ű
- Energy transfers	- Newton's first law: motion	
- Conservation/dissipation		
- Heat transfer and temperature		
- Renewable and non-renewable resources		
- Sankey Diagrams		
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Year 8 Scheme of Learning

Autumn	Spring	
Health and disease	Reproduction	Genetics/inheritance
- Cell recap	- Mitosis	- Chromosomes and DN
- Prokaryotes and eukaryotes	- Human reproduction	- Inheritance
 Culturing/preventing microorganism growth 	- Hormones in reproduction	- Inherited disorders
- Review above experiment	- Meiosis	- Sex determination
- Communicable and non communicable - milk experiment	- Sexual and asexual reproduction	- Variation
- Lifestyle and disease	- Advantages and disadvantages of sexual and asexual reproduction	- Genetics
- Coronary heart disease and Cancer		
- Human defence systems	Non-metals	Organic chemistry
- Vaccination & antibiotics	- Chemical bonding	- Fuels
	- Covalent bonding	- Carbon compounds as
Metals	 Properties of small molecules and giant covalent structures 	- Alkanes and alkenes
 Periodic table - Metals/non-metals - sorting exercise 	Structure and bonding in carbon molecules	- The reactions of alken
 Secret agent properties of metals 		- Polymers
- Group 1	Energy and matter	
- Metal reactivity - water reaction experiment	- Energy changes in systems	Space
- The reactions of metals and acids	- Particle model and changes in state	- The solar system
- Rates of reaction	 Internal energy and energy transfers 	- Planets, orbits and sat
	- Particle model and pressure	- The life cycle of a star
Motion	- Pressure	- Red shift
 Energy transfer (Sankey diagrams) (2 lessons) 		
 Recap and further resultant forces 		
- Scalar and vector quantities		
- Work done		
- Mass and weight		
- Recap and further Speed		
- Acceleration		
- Forces and motion (mass and acceleration)		

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Year 9 Scheme of Learning

Autumn	Spring	
Atomic Structure and the Periodic table	Chemical bonding	Electricity
- Atoms elements and compounds	- Chemical bonds	- Current, potenti
- Mixtures	- Ionic bonding	- Electrical charge
- Development of the model of the atom	- Ionic compounds	- Current, resistar
- Subatomic particles	- Covalent bonding	- Resistors
- Size and mass of atoms	- Metallic bonding	 Series and parall
- Relative atomic mass	- The three states of matter	- Domestic uses a
- Electronic structure	- State symbols	- Power
- Development of the periodic table	 Properties of ionic compounds 	 Energy transfers
 Metals and Non-metals 	 Properties of small molecules 	 The National Gri
- Groups 0, 1 and 7	- Polymers	
	- Giant covalent structures	Organisation
Cell Biology	 Properties of metals and alloys 	- The human dige
 Eukaryotes and Prokaryotes 	 Metals as conductors 	 The heart and bl
- Animal and plant cells	 Structure and bonding of carbon 	- Blood
- Cell specialisation		 Coronary heart of
- Cell differentiation	Cell Division	- Health issues
- Microscopy	- Chromosomes	- The effect of life
Energy	 Mitosis and the cell cycle 	- Cancer
 Energy stores and systems 	- Stem cells	 Plant tissues
- Changes in energy	- Diffusion	 Plant organ system
 Energy changes in systems 	- Osmosis	
- Power	- Active transport	
 Energy transfers in a system 		
- Efficiency		
 National and global energy resources 		

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disease: a non-communicable disease

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YEAR 10 AQA Trilogy	BIOLOGY	 Infection and Response Communicable (infectious) diseases Viral, bacterial, protist and fungal diseases Human defence systems Vaccination Antibiotics and painkillers Discovery and development of drugs 	Bioenergetics - Photosynthesis - Aerobic and anaerobic respiration - Response to exercise - Metabolism Homeostasis and response - Homeostasis - The human nervous system - Hormonal coordination in humans - Contraception - The use of hormones to treat infertility - Feedback systems	Inheritance, v - Reprod - Meiosis - DNA ar - Genetic - Inherita - Sex det Variation and e - Variatio - Evoluti - Selectiv - Genetic - The de evoluti - Fossils - Extinct - Resista - Classifi
	CHEMISTRY	 Quantitative Chemistry Chemical measurements, conservation of mass and the quantitative interpretation of chemical equations Use of amount of substance in relation to masses of pure substances Concentration of solutions Chemical changes Reactivity of metals The reactivity series Extraction of metals and reduction Reactions of acids with metals Neutralisation of acids and salt production Soluble salts The pH scale and neutralisation 	 Electrolysis The process of electrolysis Electrolysis of molten ionic compounds Using electrolysis to extract metals Electrolysis of aqueous solutions Representation of reactions at electrodes as half equations Energy changes Exothermic and endothermic reactions Reaction profiles The energy change of reactions 	The rate and e - Rate of - Calcula - Factors - Collisio - Catalys Reversible reac - Reversi - Energy - Equilible - The eff - The eff - The eff - The eff
	PHYSICS	 Particle model of matter Changes of state and the particle model Internal energy and energy transfers Particle model and pressure Atomic structure Atoms and isotopes Mass number, atomic number and isotopes The development of the model of the atom Atoms and nuclear radiation Nuclear equations Half-lives and the random nature of radioactive decay Radioactive contamination 	Forces - Scalar and vector quantities - Contact and non-contact forces - Gravity - Resultant forces - Work done and energy transfer - Forces and elasticity Forces and Motion - - Describing motion along a line - Distance and displacement - Speed and velocity - The distance-time relationship - Acceleration - Forces, accelerations and Newton's Laws of motion - Stopping distance and reaction time - Momentum	Waves - Waves - Proper - Types o - Proper - Uses ar Magnetism and - Permar and fie - The mo - Flemin - Electri

Key Stage Four Science Curriculum Overview: Year 10

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- and the genome
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- rited disorders
- determination

evolution

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- ctive breeding
- etic engineering
- development of understanding of genetics and
- ution
- nction
- stant bacteria
- sification of living organisms

d extent of chemical change

- of reaction
- ulating rates of reactions
- ors which affect the rates of chemical reactions
- sion theory and activation energy
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eactions and dynamic equilibrium

- ersible reactions
- gy changes and reversible reactions librium
- effect of changing conditions on equilibrium
- effect of changing concentration
- effect of temperature changes on equilibrium
- effect of pressure changes on equilibrium
- es in air, fluids and solids
- erties of waves
- s of electromagnetic waves
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- and applications of electromagnetic waves

and electromagnetism

- nanent and induced magnetism, magnetic forces fields
- motor effect
- ning's left-hand rule
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Key Stage Four Science Curriculum Overview: Year 11 Combined Science

		Autumn	Spring	
YEAR 11 COMBINED SCIENCE AQA Trilogy	BIOLOGY	 Ecology Adaptations, interdependence and competition Abiotic factors Biotic factors Adaptations Organisation of an ecosystem Biodiversity and the effect of human interaction on ecosystems Waste management Land use and Deforestation Global warming Maintaining biodiversity 	Cell biology revisit Organisation revisit Infection and response revisit Bioenergetics revisit	Targeted re
	CHEMISTRY	Organic chemistry Carbon compounds as fuels and feedstock Fractional distillation and petrochemicals Properties of hydrocarbons Cracking and alkenes Chemical analysis Purity, formulations and chromatography Identification of common gases 	Energy changes revisit Chemistry of the atmosphere revisit Bonding structure and properties of matter revisit Quantitative chemistry revisit Chemical changes revisit	Targeted re
		 Chemistry of the atmosphere The proportions of different gases in the atmosphere The Earth's early atmosphere How oxygen increased Carbon dioxide and methane as greenhouse gases Global climate change Common atmospheric pollutants and their sources Using resources Using the Earth's resources and obtaining potable water Waste water treatment Alternative methods of extracting metals Life cycle assessment and recycling 		

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PHYSICS	Forces revisit Electromagnetism Particle model of matter - Changing state - Specific heat capacity - Latent heat - Energy transfers - Energy resources - Generating electricity	Energy revisit Electricity revisit Particle model of matter revisit Atomic structure revisit	Targeted r

Key Stage Four Science Curriculum Overview: Year 11 Separate Sciences

		Autumn	Spring	
YEAR 11 SEPARATE SCIENCES AQA	BIOLOGY	 Ecology Exploring how humans are threatening biodiversity as well as the natural systems that support it Considering and that need to be taken to ensure our future health, prosperity and well-being and the health of the world's environment Inheritance and evolution Explain the process of fertilisation and how the genes give rise to the features of individuals Explaining the symptoms prognosis and treatments of some inherited health conditions Describing and explaining the process of selective breading, and genetic engineering 	 Inheritance and evolution (continued) Explain the process of fertilisation and how the genes give rise to the features of individuals Explaining the symptoms prognosis and treatments of some inherited health conditions Describing and explaining the process of evolution - Describing and explaining the process of selective breading, and genetic engineering 	Targeted r

revision

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revision

CHEMISTRY	 Energy changes revisit Chemistry of the atmosphere Describing and explaining the development of the atmosphere over time Bonding structure and properties of matter revisit Quantitative chemistry revisit Chemical changes revisit Chemical analysis Describing the chemical tests that can be used to identify the components present Organic chemistry The chemistry and patterns of carbon chemistry, of a range of organic compounds including alkanes, alkenes Fractional distillation and the uses of the products of oil 	 Using resources Describing and explaining the uses of the earth's finite resources The rate and extent of chemical reactions Describing and explaining the factors that affect the rate of a chemical reaction and explaining the effects that are seen - Explaining the applications of the science in industry 	Targeted re
PHYSICS	 Magnets and electromagnets Describing and explaining how magnets act, and their uses in everyday life Explaining the magnetic effects of an electric current and the uses of electromagnets Waves Describing the characteristics of longitudinal and transverse waves Naming the waves in the electromagnetic spectrum and explaining the uses and hazards of each of the waves Describing the origins and structure of the universe and our solar system Explaining the life of a star Describing and explaining the Red Shift phenomena 	 Space (continued) Describing the origins and structure of the universe and our solar system. Explaining the life of a star. Describing and explaining the Red Shift phenomena. 	Targeted re

evision

evision

	Autumn	Spring	
YEAR 12 OCR A	Foundations in chemistry Atoms and reactions Compounds, formulae and equations Amount of substance Acids Redox Electron structure Bonding and structure	Periodic table and energy Periodicity Group 2 The halogens Qualitative analysis Enthalpy changes Reaction rates Chemical equilibrium	Core organic chemi Basic concepts of or Alkanes Alkenes Alcohols Haloalkanes Organic synthesis Analytical technique
YEAR 13 OCR A	 Physical chemistry and transition elements How fast? How far? Acids, bases and buffers Lattice enthalpy Enthalpy and entropy Organic chemistry and analysis Aromatic compounds Carbonyl compounds Carboxylic acids and esters Amines Amino acids, amides and chirality 	 Organic chemistry and analysis Polyesters and polyamides Carbon-carbon bond formation Organic synthesis Chromatography and qualitative analysis Spectroscopy Physical chemistry and transition elements Redox and electrode potentials Transition metals Qualitative analysis 	Targeted revision

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